# **Re-Building an Optical Tweezers Setup** Incorporating an AOM **2** Miles Ackerman

### INTRO

- Highly focused laser light has the potential to trap dielectric particles within the Rayleigh size regime
- The action of optical trapping is caused by the transfer of momentum from photons to the particle
- The two forces responsible are the dominant gradient force and the lesser scattering force
- An acousto-optic modulator (AOM) takes an RF drive frequency to alter the refractive index of a crystal -creating a variable diffraction grating. This produces a moveable trap
- The setup consists of two traps. One stationary, while the other tunable, allowing for mutual interaction of trapped objects

## **METHODS**

- 1. Using an 810 nm IR diode laser
- 2. This is directed through a homemade microscope with a 40x objective
- 3. A dichroic mirror is used to parse the visible light into a webcam for imaging
- 4. An electronically controlled stage can translate the slide under the objective
- 5. The AOM has been separately demonstrated and can produce an additional adjustable beam
- 6. Incorporated the AOM and trapped beads

# RESULTS

- Consistent trapping of 1.06 µm silica beads
- The AOM produces a second beam within the objective
- The second moveable trap pulls beads into focus
- Trapping of a second bead was not demonstrated



# Using laser light and sound waves to trap and manipulate microspheres









Acknowledgements: Prof. Seyfollah Maleki, Arkadiy Norkin '11, Pavel Aprelev '13, Stephen Dilorio '15, and Jason Stack '21

Prof. Chad Orzel, John Sheehan, Harrison Griffin '16, Casey Lee '20,